# **Caulmert Limited**

Engineering, Environmental & Planning Consultancy Services

Land Adjacent to H-Pack, Davy Way, Llay, Wrexham LL12 0PG

H-Pack Packaging UK Ltd

Erection of 1no B8 Storage and Distribution Building and Associated Access and External Works at Land adjacent to H-Pack, Davy Way, Llay

**Flood Consequence Assessment** 

Prepared by:

Caulmert Limited Office: Glyndwr Innovations Ltd, St Asaph Business Park, St Asaph, LL17 OJD Tel: 01745 530890 Email: contact@caulmert.com Web: www.caulmert.com

Document Reference: 5473-CAU-XX-XX-RP-C-0300.S4-P02

August 2022



#### **APPROVAL RECORD**

Site:	Land Adjacent to H-Pack, Davy Way, Lla	ay, Wrexł	nam LL12 OPG
Client:	H-Pack Packaging UK Ltd		
Project Title:	Storage and Distribution Building and Associated Access and External Works		
Document Title:	Flood Consequence Assessment		
Document Ref:	5473-CAU-XX-XX-RP-C-0300.S4-P02		
Report Status:	Final		
Project Manager:	Jon Hartley		
Caulmert Limited:	Glyndwr Innovations Ltd, St Asaph Busi	ness Parl	k, St Asaph, LL17 OJD
Author	Steve Barber-Bailey	Date	19/08/2022
			22/02/2022

Reviewer	Jonathan Sykes	Date	22/08/2022
Approved	Jon Hartley	Date	25/08/2022

<b>Revision</b> L	og		
Revision	Description of Change	Approved	Effective Date
P01	Initial Release	SBB	25/08/2022
P02	Final Issue	SBB	29/09/2022

#### DISCLAIMER

This report has been prepared by Caulmert Limited with all reasonable skill, care and diligence in accordance with the instruction of the above-named client and within the terms and conditions of the Contract with the Client.

The report is for the sole use of the above-named Client and Caulmert Limited shall not be held responsible for any use of the report or its content for any purpose other than that for which it was prepared and provided to the Client.

Caulmert Limited accepts no responsibility of whatever nature to any third parties who may have been made aware of or have acted in the knowledge of the report or its contents.

No part of this document may be copied or reproduced without the prior written approval of Caulmert Limited.

#### **Flood Consequence Assessment**

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRO	DUCTION1	L
	1.1	Background1	L
	1.2	Site Details1	L
	1.3	Development Proposal2	2
2.0	BASELI	INE CONDITIONS4	1
	2.1	Sources of Flood Risk Information4	1
	2.2	Fluvial and Tidal Flood Risk4	1
	2.3	Surface Water and Small Watercourses5	5
	2.4	Reservoir Flood Risk5	5
	2.5	Flood Risk from Drains and Sewers	5
	2.6	Groundwater Flood Risk	5
	2.7	Other Sources of Flooding	7
3.0	ASSESS	SMENT OF FLOODING IN RESPECT OF PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT	3
	3.1	Principal Flood Risk	3
	3.2	Fluvial Flood Risk	3
	3.3	Surface Water Flood Risk	3
	3.4	Compliance with Technical Advice Note (TAN) 15 (2004)	3
4.0	FLOOD	AVOIDANCE, MITIGATION AND RESILIENCE MEASURES	•
	4.1	General	)
5.0	DRAIN	AGE10	)
	5.1	Surface Water Drainage10	)
	5.2	Foul Water Drainage	)
6.0	CONCL	USIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS 11	L
	6.1	Conclusions	
	6.2	Recommendations11	Ĺ

#### APPENDICES

- Topographical Survey Drawing
- Existing Site Layout
- Proposed Site Layout

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

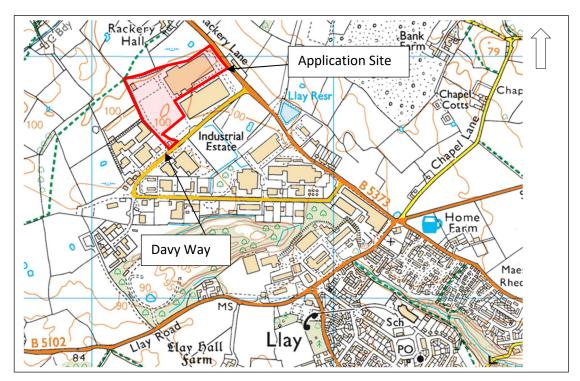
#### 1.1 Background

1.1.1 H-Pack Packaging UK Ltd is to apply for planning consent for a new Warehouse building on an existing industrial site in the Llay Industrial Estate. The application site is in excess of 1 hectare and this flood consequences assessment (FCA) report has been prepared to support the application. The report has been made with reference to the Welsh Government's Technical Advice Note 15 – Development and Flood Risk (TAN15) 2004.

#### 1.2 Site Details

1.2.1 The application site is within the northern area of the Llay Industrial Estate. The site encompasses an existing industrial unit plus an area of land to its west. The site can be accessed from Davy Way that has its junction with the B5373 (Rackery Lane) to the southeast. The site's post code is LL12 OPG and has a grid reference of SJ322568.

It is located on the north side of the Llay Industrial Estate. There are established industrial and commercial properties to the south and west of the site, with agricultural land to the north and east. Figure 1 below shows the relative location of the site within the Industrial Estate.



#### Figure 1: Site Location

1.2.2 The area of land ownership is an irregular shape that spans between the B5373 Rackery Road and Davy Way. The plan area is approximately 6.8ha. Within the ownership boundary are two application sites that forms the areas of proposed development:

- A new Highbay Warehouse in the west that has an area of approximately 3.7ha;
- A new entry to an existing car park in the east that has an area of approximately 0.2ha.
- 1.2.3 The site is bounded on three sides by security fencing. The fourth side is a shared vehicular access between the two existing warehouse buildings. The general arrangement of the site is at Figure 2. There is an existing grassed area in the western area of the site that covers an area of about 1.7ha. The remaining areas of the site affected by the application sites is access road, parking, and hardstandings.

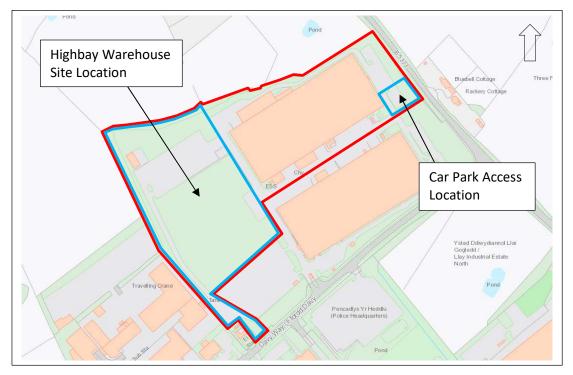


Figure 2: Site Layout Plan - Existing

#### 1.3 Development Proposal

- 1.3.1 The development proposal is for (1) the erection of a new Warehouse Unit with associated vehicular parking, loading, and hardstanding areas, and (2) the provision of a new vehicular access to an existing car park.
- 1.3.2 The proposed warehouse will comprise a steel framed structure that occupies a footprint of approximately 15,000m<sup>2</sup>. The proposed warehouse will be serviced from HGV access loading bays along the south elevation via Davy Way. The existing access roadway would be modified to suit vehicle movements and will incorporate a series of parking areas for light vehicles.
- 1.3.3 The existing car park at the east end of the existing unit is to have a dedicated access from the B5373 (Rackery Lane). This new access is being installed so that light and heavy vehicles will have separate access/egress points at the application site.

1.3.4 The general arrangement of the proposed developments is at Figure 3. A larger copy of the drawing is included in the Appendix.



Figure 3: Proposed Development Layouts (Excerpt from RGP Drg No 11373/PI/L08)

1.3.5 In accordance with TAN15 (2004) Section 5 Figure 2, the proposed land use is classified as a 'less vulnerable' development.

#### 2.0 BASELINE CONDITIONS

#### 2.1 Sources of Flood Risk Information

- 2.1.1 Associated with TAN15 are Development Advice Maps (DAMs) prepared by Natural Resources Wales (NRW). These maps set out the perceived risk of flooding from tidal and fluvial sources affecting the site. The extent of flooding indicated on the DAMs do not take account of the predicted effects of climate change.
- 2.1.2 Flooding may also result from sources not indicated on the DAMs. Such sources include but are not limited to:
  - Surface water and small watercourses
  - Reservoirs
  - Sewers and drains
  - Groundwater
- 2.1.3 The following section includes extracts from the DAMs with a brief commentary and notes relating to the development site.

#### 2.2 Fluvial and Tidal Flood Risk

2.2.1 The DAM extract at Figure 4 shows that the development sites within the ownership boundary are wholly within Flood Zone A. This flood zone indicates that the area is at a very low risk of flooding from rivers with a probability of less than 1 in 1,000 (0.1%) chance of occurrence in any given year.

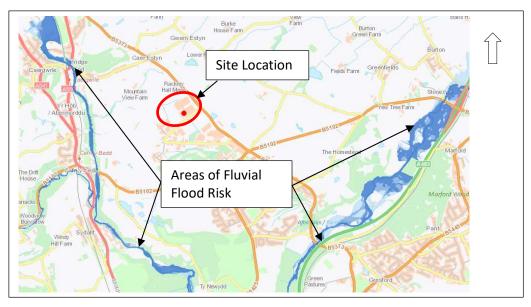
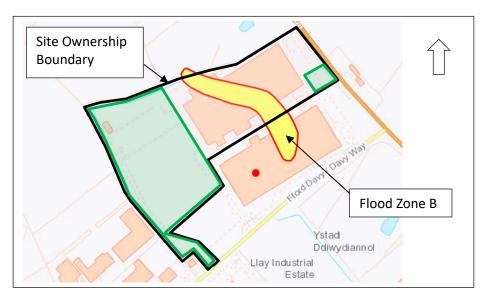


Figure 4: Extract – NRW's Development Advice Map (July 2022)

2.2.2 There are areas of higher flood risk within 1km of the application site and associated with the River Alyn. The river is topographically lower than the site and is not considered to be a flood risk at the site.

There is a section of Flood Zone B within the ownership boundary but outwith the development sites – see Figure 5. Flood Zone B is an indication of areas that have flooded in the past and is based on advice from a variety of sources. It is believed that at this site the Flood Zone B is attributable to geological characterisation of a superficial alluvium deposit, which may give an elevated flood risk.



#### Figure 5: Extract – NRW's Development Advice Map (July 2022)

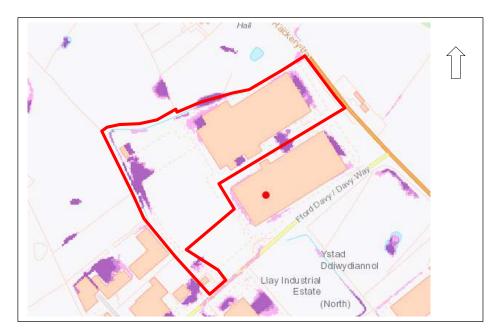
2.2.3 The application site is not affected by tidal flood.

#### 2.3 Surface Water and Small Watercourses

- 2.3.1 NRW's Flood Risk Assessment Wales Map for Surface Water and Small Watercourses shows that there are parts of the application site that have a high risk of surface water flood. A high risk means that an area has a chance of flooding greater than 1 in 30 (3.3%) in each year. NRW point out that this type of flooding can be difficult to predict as it is hard to forecast exactly where or how much rain will fall in any storm.
- 2.3.2 An extract from the flood risk map is at Figure 6. It would appear that the areas of high risk of flood are confined to topographically low spots of the roadway around the existing unit and the access road between the proposed unit and Davy Way. There are also flood risk areas indicated to be on or just beyond the application site boundary which are localised areas on topographically lower land.

#### 2.4 Reservoir Flood Risk

2.4.1 NRW's Flood Risk Assessment Wales Map for reservoir flood shows that the site is not at risk of flooding.





#### 2.5 Flood Risk from Drains and Sewers

2.5.1 The expected flood risk associated with sewerage at the site has not been ascertained. It is apparent from the position of public sewerage relative to the application site that there is a negligible risk of flood affecting the site from sewerage.

#### 2.6 Groundwater Flood Risk

2.6.1 The application site is within an area that has a relatively low risk of groundwater flood. According to information from Envirocheck, the site is within an area that has a 'limited potential for groundwater flooding to occur'. An extract from the Envirocheck information is at Figure 7.

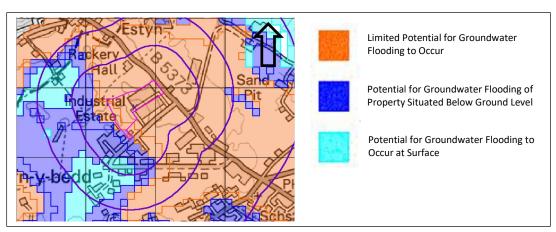


Figure 7: BGS Flood Risk – Hydrological (Source – Landmark Envirocheck)

2.6.2 Groundwater flood risk at the application site is considered to be low.

#### 2.7 Other Sources of Flooding

- 2.7.1 There are few other sources of flood risk that could affect the site. The nearest body of water to the application site is a fishing lake some 300m from the site boundary. This is a body of water that has a 3,500m<sup>2</sup> surface area and is at a similar topographic level to the site. Land to the east and north of the fishing lake falls to lower levels in the north and east and which offer pathway for any flood flows away from the application sites. The sites are not considered to be at risk from this lake.
- 2.7.2 Ordnance Survey mapping shows there are several small or ephemeral ponds within 250m of the site boundary. Each of these appear to be topographically lower than the site and are not considered to pose a flood risk to the site.
- 2.7.3 There is an existing ditchcourse to the west and north of the application site. Ordnance Survey mapping shows a line of a watercourse that is not connected to any other body of water. Site inspection in June 2022 suggested that the ditchcourse may be a local feature only that receives surface water runoff from the application sites and from third party land. There is considered to be a negligible flood risk from the existing ditchcourse.

#### **3.0** ASSESSMENT OF FLOODING IN RESPECT OF PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

#### 3.1 Principal Flood Risk

3.1.1 The principal flood risk to the site is from surface water and which is associated with existing roadways at a number of points within the application site's ownership boundary.

#### 3.2 Fluvial Flood Risk

3.2.1 Fluvial flood risk is not considered to be significant now or following completion of the proposed development. It is considered that the existing 'very low risk' of flooding will remain.

#### 3.3 Surface Water Flood Risk

- 3.3.1 The predicted location of surface water flooding appears coincident with ground features within the application sites, specifically the access roadways and vehicle loading/parking areas. The risk of surface water flood is medium and at locations that occupy relatively small areas of the site.
- 3.3.2 It is expected that the design development of the proposed new access and parking arrangements can reduce or eliminate the indicated areas of surface water flood.
- 3.3.3 The proposed developments should not affect the risk of surface water flood to any thirdparty property immediately adjacent to the site.

#### 3.4 Compliance with Technical Advice Note (TAN) 15 (2004)

- 3.4.1 Table 1 of TAN15 advises that areas of Flood Zone A can be considered for less vulnerable development. There is no requirement to apply the justification test should there be no increase in flooding elsewhere.
- 3.4.2 Surface water requirements for the proposed development should take cognisance of statutory requirements for sustainable drainage. Surface water drainage guidance for the proposed development is contained the site-specific Drainage Strategy report.

#### 4.0 FLOOD AVOIDANCE, MITIGATION AND RESILIENCE MEASURES

#### 4.1 General

- 4.1.1 There is predicted to be no fluvial flooding at the application sites. Accordingly, there should be no requirement to provide avoidance, mitigation, or resilience measures.
- 4.1.2 Instances of surface water flooding at the existing landuse have been identified. The proposed surface water for the application sites should be able to implement drainage that reduces or eliminates such flooding. Nevertheless, it will be necessary to identify flood exceedance routes should the installed drainage becomes ineffective, and such routes should avoid buildings and access routes.

#### 5.0 DRAINAGE

#### 5.1 Surface Water Drainage

- 5.1.1 Drainage for the application site. Is subject to a separate Drainage Strategy report. This report advises on current surface water collection and disposal, and on the outline management of surface water for the proposed development.
- 5.1.2 The plan area of the proposed is more than 100m<sup>2</sup> and as such the detailed design and implementation of surface water management will be subject to application with the SuDS Approving Body.
- 5.1.3 Relevant pollution prevention guidance should be followed during the execution of the proposed works to prevent pollution and to comply with environmental law. Proposals to manage the construction process should be incorporated into a Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) for the development.

#### 5.2 Foul Water Drainage

5.2.1 Foul water drainage requirements associated with the proposed development will outfall to an existing public water sewer that crosses the site near Davy Way, subject to application with Welsh Water.

#### 6.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 6.1 Conclusions

- 6.1.1 This report demonstrates that the current and future flood risks associated with the proposed development are acceptable and can be allowed for in the design of the proposed development. The resultant development is considered safe for operator attendance as it presents a:
  - Minimal risk to life;
  - Minimal disruption to people living and working in the area;
  - Minimal potential to damage property;
  - Minimal impact on flood risk generally;
  - Minimal disruption to the sustainable management of natural resources.

#### 6.2 Recommendations

6.2.1 Detailed design of the proposed development is to take account of topographic low spots in order to reduce or eliminate areas of surface water flood.

### APPENDICES

LINETYPE BTBT	- TELECOMMUNICATIONS (BT)
CATV	- TELECOMMUNICATIONS (CATV)
TELE	- TELECOMMUNICATIONS (OTHER)
	– GAS
TCSU	- TRAFFIC CONTROL SENSOR UNIT
	- STREET LIGHTING
LV	– LOW VOLTAGE
	– HIGH VOLTAGE —
FWD	FOUL WATER DRAINAGE SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE
FWRM	- FOUL WATER RISING MAIN
	- COMBINED SEWER
	- UNKNOWN UTILITY (GPR)
	- UNKNOWN UTILITY (RADIO)
EOT END OF TRACE	A/R ASSUMED ROUTE
	9 <sup>3,94</sup>
	**

il=99.09

Quality Level of Utility Survey Outputs: The drawing has been derived from the amalgamation of several data sets: utility service provider buried asset plan

several data sets: utility service provider buried asset plans, visual confirmation by way of lifting manholes, and measuring depth, type and location of services, electromagnetic detection, and GPR scans.

All the data sets have been allocated a "weighting" based upon the likely accuracy and confidence. The final amalgamation is performed by polynomial rubber sheet distortion of service provider assets plans for a 'best fit' to resemble on-site survey data findings as close as possible

The accuracy of the horizontal location of each utility is defined by Table 1 'Quality level of survey outputs PAS128(normative)' for QL-B2P = +/-0.25m or +/-40% of detected depth whichever is greater.

The accuracy of the vertical location of each utility as defined by Table 1 'Quality level of survey outputs PAS128(normative)' for QL-B2P = +/-40% of detected depth.

Care should be taken by designers when utilising the findings within this drawing, and should confirm depths by visual confirmation/verification using vacuum excavation or slit trench technology if a higher degree of accuracy is required to meet the design brief specification.

Utility Survey Disclaimer: We have endeavored to locate as many buried services as possible using the Best Available Technology (BAT) and applying the Best available Techniques as defined under guidance from the The Survey Association (TSA) and the British Standard PAS128 for Utility Surveys.

However, the user of this drawing should be aware that the results found using Best Available Technology are subject to errors and tolerances resulting from geophysical properties of the subsurface (which can be a significant limitation/inhibter to the survey), out of the control of the operator, being surveyed/scanned. In addition survey findings are interpreted on site in real-time and thus are subject to interpretative and subjective variations. This information is given without warranty, the accuracy thereof cannot be guaranteed.

The accuracy of the findings indicated within this drawing, cannot be guaranteed or indemnified, and should only be used as a guide as defined by the Health & Safety Executives (HSE) guideline - HSG47.

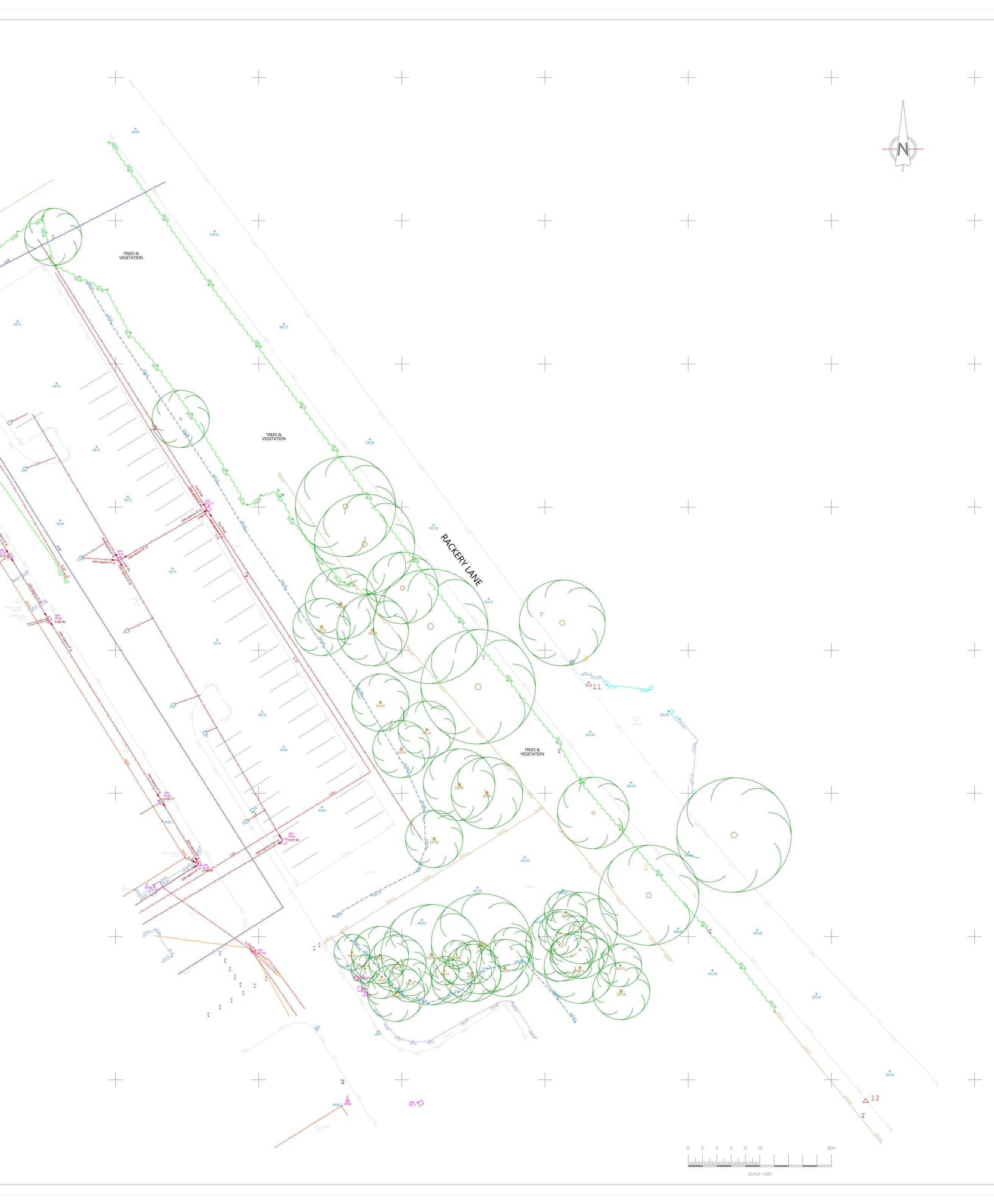
Lines on this drawing indicating the presence of buried services may actually be indicating the presence of closely bundled cables or pipelines, therefore the user of this drawing should not assume that a single line is indicative of the number of services within the area. In addition services below detected utilities may be masked from detection by the shadow cast from shallower depth services.

Metal pipes, communication cables and earth bonds can 'present' electromagnetic fields similar to that of high voltage and low voltage cables under load, if alternating electromagnetic fields are in close proximity from other power cables or sub-stations etc.

The designation of the services (i.e. is the detected service a water pipe or as pipe?) is open to interpretation and is based upon a number of references such as visible surface features (water stop valves, or gas meter) and utility provider records (indicating whether high voltage or low voltage). The best technology deployed is limited in its ability to define the exact type of service. The user of this drawing should prove, by means of safe-excavation, the type of service if critical to the design.

Equipment Deployed: IDS Dual Frequency Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) with \_\_on-site operator interpretation.

Radiodetection RD8000 & T10 Electromagnetic Generator and Precision Cable Locator.



# StationEastingNorthingLevel4332302.351356683.78597.6216332237.091356733.81298.4657332195.266356854.80498.3168332285.357356918.23799.78811332566.104356975.224101.54812332604.807356916.986101.645C2332627.387356888.972101.464

Abbreviations/Symbols (Measured Building Surveys): Window Cill Height Window Head Height Beam Height BH: Door Height DH: COL: Column SVP: Soil Vent Pipe Floor Level Threshold Level 2.50 Floor to Ceiling Height Vaulted Ceiling Line types Hedge Lines Drainage Runs \_\_\_\_· · · \_\_\_\_ - -/\_- -Overhead Electricity Cables Overhead Telephone Cables - - T - -Symbols Tree/Bush Glass House Control Station Osbm Borehole Trial Hole Abbreviations (Topographic Survey): Arch Height Air Valve AH: AV: Belisha Beacon BB: BOX: Electricity Box, Cables Box, Etc. BOL: Bollard BT/IC: British Telecom Inspection Chamber BS: Bus Stop BS/LP: Bus Stop / Lamp Post CATV: CATV Inspection Chamber CCTV: Closed Circuit Television Cellar Light C.PIT: Catch Pit Earth Rod ER: EC: Electricity Inspection Chamber Electricity Pole EP: FH: Fire Hydrant FP: Flag Pole GV: Gas Valve G: Gully IC: Inspection Chamber KO: Kerb Outlet LP: Lamp Post LB: Letter Box LC: Lighting Column MKR: Marker MH: Manhole MP: Mooring Point MS: Mile Stone NYNEX: Nynex Inspection Chamber O/H: Over Hang P: Post PO/IC: Post Office Inspection Chamber R/S: Road Sign RE: Rodding Eye RTW: **Retaining Wall** S/P: Sign Post SNP: Street Name Plate ST Stop Tap SV: Stop Valve Telecom Inspection Chamber TCB: Telephone Call Box TH: Threshold Level Traffic Light TL: TΡ· Telegraph Pole TROUGH: Trough WO: Water Outlet WM: Water Meter Fence Descriptions: B/W: Barbed Wire C/B: Close Boarded C/BARRIER: Crash Barrier C/L: Chain Link C/P: Chestnut Paling C/I: Corrugated Iron I/R: Iron Railing MISC: Miscellaneous P/R: Post & Rail P/W: Post & Wire P/C: Post & Chain S/PAL: Steel Palisade W/M: Wire Mesh Survey Notes: Coordinates and Levels related to Ordnance Survey Datum - GPS OSGB36 Revision Date Description E. ICES Chris Partington Land Surveyors 44a Green Lane Sale Cheshire M33 5PP t: 0161 976 1194 www.cpls.co.uk e:survey@cpls.co.uk Client Liberty properties Project H Pack, Davy Way, Llay, Wrexham Site Utilities Survey Scale Surveyed By Date 1:200 CW 24.06.22 Checked By Date Drawing No. 27.06.22 CPLS

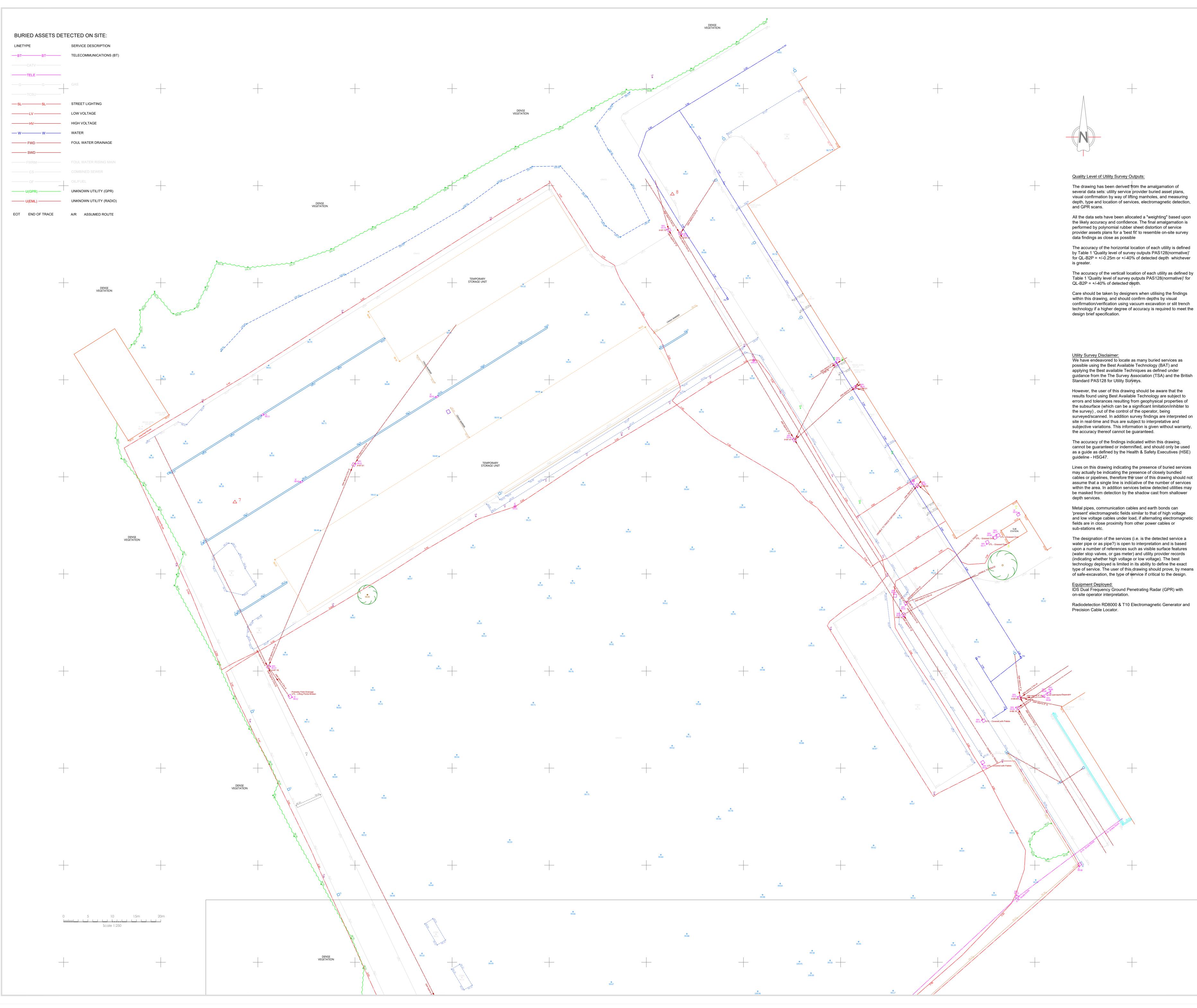
Drawn By

CW

090522JC-01

Date

27.06.22



#### Station Northing Easting 56683 3.465 6733.81 8.316 9.788 356854.804 356918.23 2566.104 32604.8 56916.98 332627.38 356888.972

Abbreviations/Symbols (Measured Building Surveys): Window Cill Height Window Head Height Beam Height Door Height Column Soil Vent Pipe Floor Level Threshold Level Floor to Ceiling Height Vaulted Ceiling

BH:

DH: COL:

SVP:

(2.50)

Glass House

Care should be taken by designers when utilising the findings within this drawing, and should confirm depths by visual confirmation/verification using vacuum excavation or slit trench technology if a higher degree of accuracy is required to meet the

We have endeavored to locate as many buried services as possible using the Best Available Technology (BAT) and applying the Best available Techniques as defined under guidance from the The Survey Association (TSA) and the British

However, the user of this drawing should be aware that the results found using Best Available Technology are subject to errors and tolerances resulting from geophysical properties of the subsurface (which can be a significant limitation/inhibter to surveyed/scanned. In addition survey findings are interpreted on

subjective variations. This information is given without warranty, The accuracy of the findings indicated within this drawing, cannot be guaranteed or indemnified, and should only be used

Lines on this drawing indicating the presence of buried services may actually be indicating the presence of closely bundled cables or pipelines, therefore the user of this drawing should not

assume that a single line is indicative of the number of services within the area. In addition services below detected utilities may be masked from detection by the shadow cast from shallower

'present' electromagnetic fields similar to that of high voltage and low voltage cables under load, if alternating electromagnetic

The designation of the services (i.e. is the detected service a water pipe or as pipe?) is open to interpretation and is based upon a number of references such as visible surface features (water stop valves, or gas meter) and utility provider records (indicating whether high voltage or low voltage). The best technology deployed is limited in its ability to define the exact type of service. The user of this<sub>|</sub>drawing should prove, by means of safe-excavation, the type o<del>f ser</del>vice if critical to the design.

Radiodetection RD8000 & T10 Electromagnetic Generator and

Line types \_\_\_\_\_ Hedge Lines  $\sim \sim$ Drainage Runs \_\_\_\_ • • \_\_\_\_ - -^\_\_ -Overhead Electricity Cables Overhead Telephone Cables  $- - \top - -$ Symbols Tree/Bush Control Station Osbm Borehole Trial Hole Abbreviations (Topographic Survey): AH: Arch Height AV: Air Valve BB: Belisha Beacon BOX: Electricity Box, Cables Box, Etc. BOL: Bollard British Telecom Inspection Chamber BT/IC: BS: Bus Stop BS/LP: Bus Stop / Lamp Post CATV: CATV Inspection Chamber CCTV: Closed Circuit Television Cellar Light Catch Pit C.PIT: Earth Rod FR Electricity Inspection Chamber Electricity Pole Fire Hydrant Flag Pole Gas Valve Gully Inspection Chamber Kerb Outlet Lamp Post Letter Box Lighting Column LC: MKR: Marker Manhole MH: MP: Mooring Point MS: Mile Stone NYNEX: Nynex Inspection Chamber O/H: Over Hang P: Post PO/IC: Post Office Inspection Chamber R/S: Road Sign Rodding Eye RF۰ RTW: **Retaining Wall** Sign Post S/P· SNP: Street Name Plate Stop Tap Stop Valve Telecom Inspection Chamber TCB: Telephone Call Box тн∙ Threshold Level Traffic Light Telegraph Pole TΡ· TROUGH: Trough WO: Water Outlet WM: Water Meter Fence Descriptions: B/W: Barbed Wire C/B: Close Boarded C/BARRIER: Crash Barrier Chain Link C/L: C/P: Chestnut Paling C/I: Corrugated Iron I/R: Iron Railing MISC: Miscellaneous P/R: Post & Rail P/W: Post & Wire P/C: Post & Chain S/PAL: Steel Palisade W/M: Wire Mesh

Survey Notes:

Coordinates and Levels related to Ordnance Survey Datum - GPS OSGB36

Revision	Date	Description





Sale Cheshire M33 5PP t: 0161 976 1194

44a Green Lane

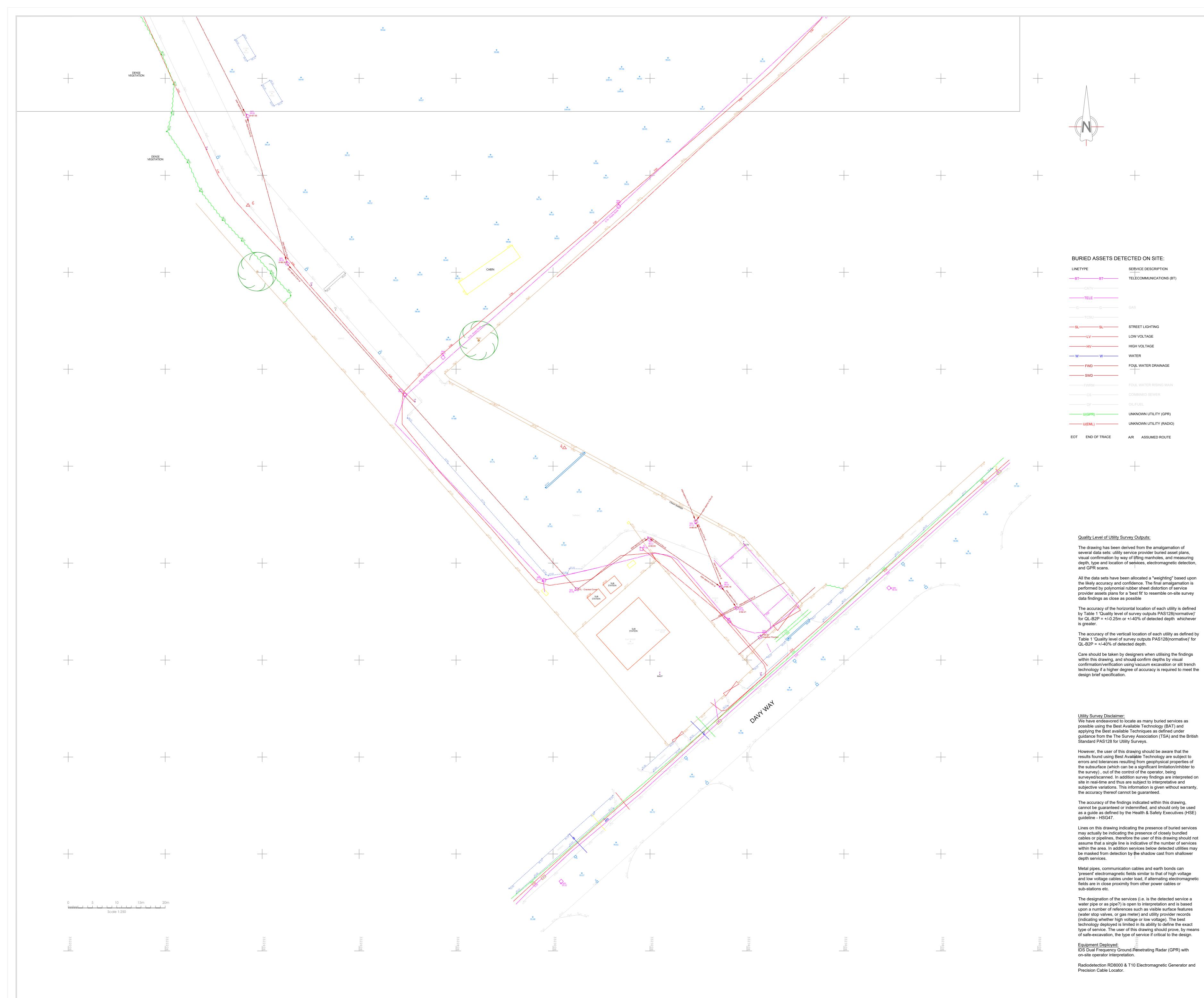
www.cpls.co.uk e:survey@cpls.co.uk Client

Liberty properties

H Pc	site Utilities Survey	Wrexham
Scale	Surveyed By	Date
1:250	CWC	24.06.22
Drawing No.	Checked By	Date
0	CPLS	27.06.22
090522JC-02	Drawn By	Date
	СМС	27.06.22

\_

several data sets: utility service provider buried asset plans, visual confirmation by way of lifting manholes, and measuring depth, type and location of services, electromagnetic detection,



assume that a single line is indicative of the number of services within the area. In addition services below detected utilities may

and low voltage cables under load, if alternating electromagnetic

SERVICE DESCRIPTION

Station Northin 56854.80 56918.2 2566.1 2604.8

Abbreviations/Symbols (Measured Building Surveys): Window Cill Height Window Head Height Beam Height Door Height Column Soil Vent Pipe Floor Level Threshold Level Floor to Ceiling Height

> Hedge Lines Drainage Runs

Overhead Electricity Cables

Overhead Telephone Cables

Tree/Bush

Control Station

Borehole

Trial Hole

Arch Height

Belisha Beacon

Bus Stop / Lamp Post

CATV Inspection Chamber

Electricity Inspection Chamber

Closed Circuit Television

Electricity Box, Cables Box, Etc.

British Telecom Inspection Chamber

Air Valve

Bollard

Bus Stop

Cellar Light Catch Pit

Earth Rod

Flag Pole

Gully

Gas Valve

Kerb Outlet

Lamp Post Letter Box

Marker

Manhole

Lighting Column

Mooring Point

Nynex Inspection Chamber

Post Office Inspection Chamber

Telecom Inspection Chamber

Mile Stone

Over Hang

Road Sign

Sign Post

Stop Tap Stop Valve

Rodding Eye Retaining Wall

Street Name Plate

Telephone Call Box

Threshold Level

Telegraph Pole

Traffic Light

Water Outlet

Water Meter

Barbed Wire

Close Boarded

Chestnut Paling

Corrugated Iron

Crash Barrier

Chain Link

Iron Railing

Post & Rail

Post & Wire

Post & Chain

Wire Mesh

Steel Palisade

Coordinates and Levels related to Ordnance Survey Datum - GPS OSGB36

G

ICES

Miscellaneous

Trough

Post

Inspection Chamber

Electricity Pole Fire Hydrant

Abbreviations (Topographic Survey):

Glass House

Osbm

Vaulted Ceiling

356888.972

332627.387

COL: SVP:

(2.50) 

Line types 

\_\_\_\_· · · \_\_\_\_ - -/\_- -

- - T - -

Symbols

AH:

AV:

BB:

BOX:

BOL:

BS:

BT/IC:

BS/LP:

CATV:

CCTV:

C.PIT: ER:

EC:

FH:

GV:

KO:

LP:

LB: LC:

MKR:

MH:

MP:

MS:

NYNEX:

O/H:

PO/IC:

P:

R/S:

RE:

RTW: S/P:

SNP:

SV

TCB:

TH:

TΡ·

TROUGH:

Fence Descriptions:

WO:

WM:

B/W:

C/B:

C/L:

C/P:

C/I:

MISC:

P/R:

P/W:

P/C:

S/PAL:

W/M:

Survey Notes:

Revision Date Description

Chris Partington Land Surveyors

www.cpls.co.uk e:survey@cpls.co.uk

Liberty properties

H Pack, Davy Way, Llay, Wrexham

Site Utilities Survey

CPLS

Checked By

Surveyed By <sub>CW</sub> Date 24.06.22

Drawn By CW Date 27.06.22

Date 27.06.22

44a Green Lane

t: 0161 976 1194

Sale

Client

Project

Scale

Drawing No.

090522JC-03

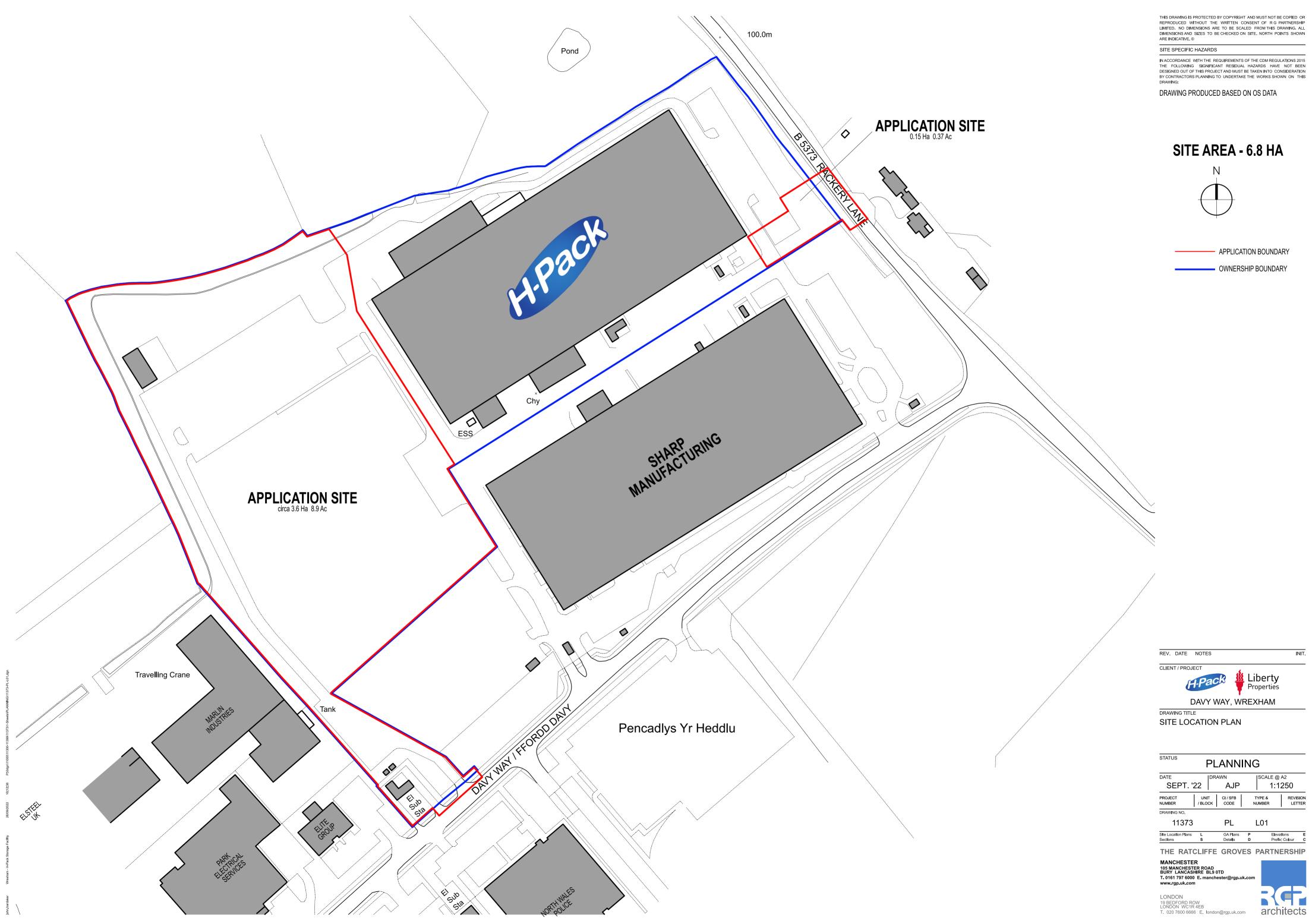
1:250

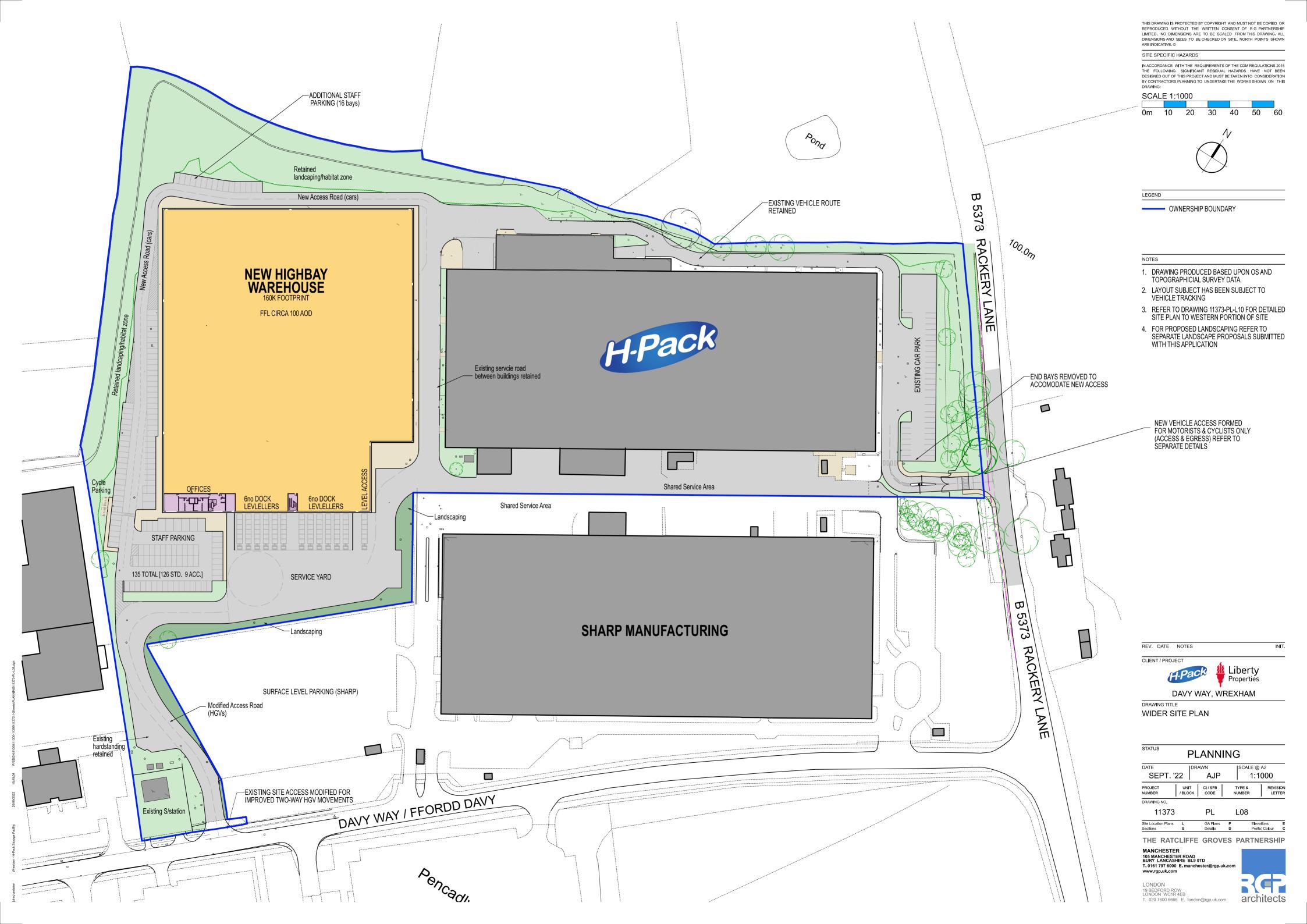
Cheshire

M33 5PP

I/R·

C/BARRIER:





## WWW.CAULMERT.COM



Registered Office: InTec, Parc Menai, Bangor, Gwynedd, LL57 4FG Tel: 01248 672666 Email: contact@caulmert.com Web: www.caulmert.com